# From Resource to Market

Mighty River Power



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### Geothermal Property Rights in NZ

- The sole right to use geothermal energy on or under land was vested in the Crown by the Geothermal Energy Act 1953.
- This Act was repealed by Section 362 of the Resource Management Act 1991. Under the RMA, geothermal energy (water or steam) is included in the definition of water
- Requires a resource consent for use of heat or energy from water unless expressly allowed for in a regional plan.
- But land access also required to site bores and above ground infrastructure and land access only possible via bilateral agreement (royalties) with land owners (mostly Maori)
- Different to most international jurisdictions where geothermal use allocated via government concession, mining permit





#### Old Style Geothermal – The Wild West

- Geothermal a mining operation:
- drill a well
- suck out the fluid
- discharge to the environment (into the river!)
- Consequences:
- pollution
- pressure decline
- subsidence
- resource failures





#### Review of history

- Theoretically New Zealand has great geothermal potential (high temperature)
- Why hasn't it been developed earlier?
- Market had cheaper alternatives (Maui gas)
- Dilution of expertise due to geothermal development hiatus
- Significant exploration risk (except on big fields extensively explored by the Crown)
- Land ownership is fragmented
- Only one manufacturer (Ormat) focussed on New Zealand
- Focus on quick win "power plants" not a "value maximising sustainable business"



#### Geothermal in the 21st century

- Resource is king energy transformation
- Integrated system dynamic horizontal/ vertical relationships (shallow/deep)
- Injection key factor in sustainability
- Production and injection developed in harmony and with regard to interconnectivity
- Field optimisation vital for sustainability and value
- Resource doesn't recognise land ownership boundaries

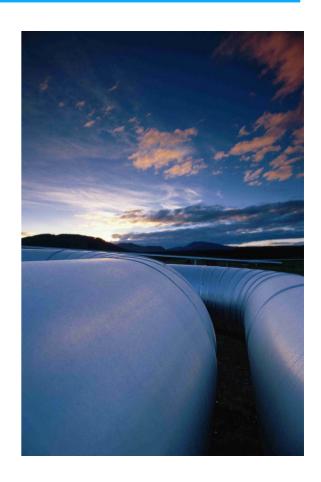




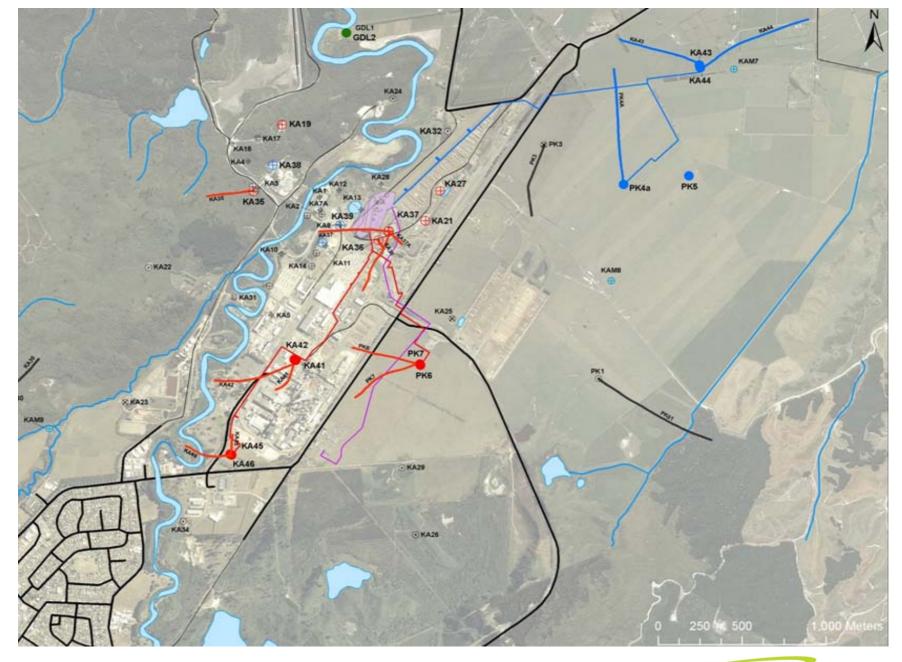
#### Land Aggregation is Key

- Reservoir Sustainability
  - Multi-tapper
  - Avoid tragedy of the commons
- Creates flexibility in regard to location of production and injection wells
- Enables larger scale development
  - Economies of scale
  - Absorb risk of drilling failure
  - Technology/Supplier choice
- Drives stakeholder alignment
  - Land owners, consent stakeholders

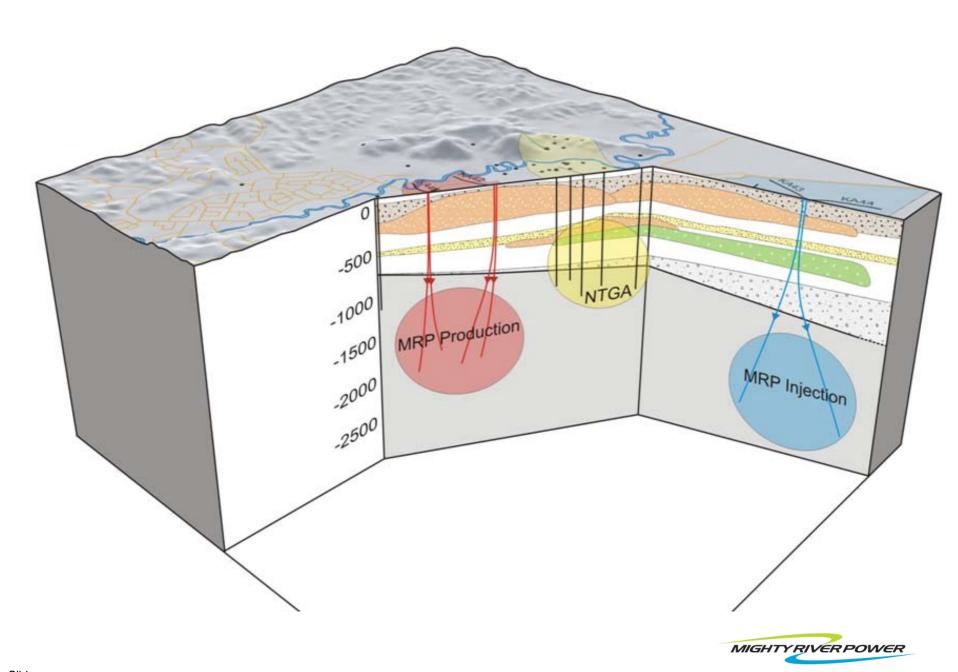




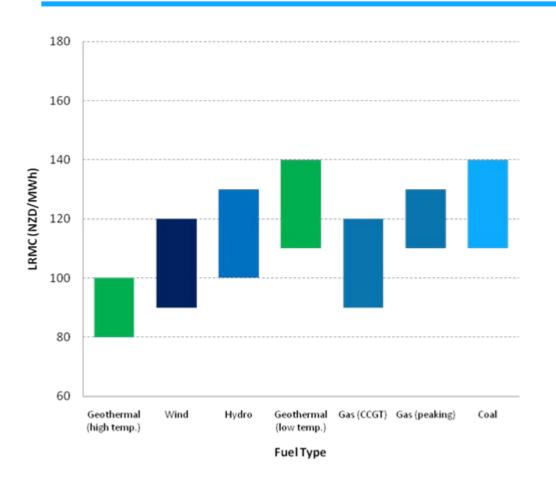








# **Technology Cost**



- Large scale
  geothermal has edge
  on competing
  technologies,
  baseload (have
  achieved 98% load
  factor)
- Gas potentially competitive but no long term reserves and exposure to carbon pricing

# Leveraging Geothermal

- Mighty River Power has built up a world leading geothermal team
  - Multi-discipline: drilling, reservoir engineers, procurement, construction,
     O&M
  - Collaboration with Crown Research Institutes and NZ Universities
  - Now in top ten largest geothermal companies in the world
- Currently undertaking a significant geothermal development programme
  - Domestic: >500MW geothermal operating by 2013
  - International: Geo Global, Chile, USA, Germany
- Local relationships are important, particularly with landowners, regulatory authorities,











#### **STEAM BLOW ROTOKAWA**





**CONSTRUCTION NGA AWA PURUA – 140MW** 





The cows don't seem too concerned with the addition





**TOLGUACA, CHILE** 



# Questions?

